United States Bankruptcy Cour	T District of
Notice of Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines	
or [A bankruptcy case concerning the debtor [corporation] or [on (date) and was converted to a You may be a creditor of the debtor. This notice lists import	ation] or [partnership] listed below was filed on(date).] partnership] listed below was originally filed under chapter case under chapter 7 on] retant deadlines. You may want to consult an attorney to protect ed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below. e legal advice.
See Reverse Side For Important Explanations.	
Debtor (name(s) and address):	Case Number:
	Taxpayer ID Nos.:
Attorney for Debtor (name and address):	Bankruptcy Trustee (name and address):
Telephone number:	Telephone number:
Meeting of Creditors:	
Date: / / Time: () A.M. () P.M.	Location:
Deadline to File a Proof of Claim	
Proof of Claim must be <i>received</i> by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadline: For all creditors (except a governmental unit): For a governmental unit:	
Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions:	
The filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor and the debtor's property. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized.	
Address of the Bankruptcy Clerk's Office:	For the Court:
	Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court:
Telephone number:	
Hours Open:	Date:

EXPLANATIONS

	EXPLANATIONS FORM B9D (9/97)
Filing of Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered.
Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; and starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures.
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. <i>The debtor's representative must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.</i> Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. If you do not file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to File a Proof of Claim" listed on the front side, you might not be paid any money on your claim against the debtor in the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must file a Proof of Claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor.
Liquidation of the Debtor's Property and Payment of Creditors' Claims	The bankruptcy trustee listed on the front of this notice will collect and sell the debtor's property. If the trustee can collect enough money, creditors may be paid some or all of the debts owed to them, in the order specified by the Bankruptcy Code. To make sure you receive any share of that money, you must file a Proof of Claim, as described above.
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights.
_	-Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices—